SYMPTOMS: Confused, not with it, loss of consciousness, impaired decision-making capacity.

Exclusion: Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)

Assessment and Treatment

ALL LEVELS

- 1. Assure patent airway.
- 2. Look for treatable causes of altered mental status.
- 3. If suspected overdose, consider administration of naloxone/Narcan [0.4 to 2.0 mg intranasal].
 - a. Start with the lowest dose possible.
 - b. Be aware that patients with altered mental status secondary to an opioid overdose may become agitated following administration of naloxone due to opioid withdrawal.
 - c. Use discretion to avoid complete reversal/combative behavior.
 - d. May repeat as needed every 3-5 minutes up to 10 mg.
- 4. Consider need for spinal immobilization.
- 5. Document GCS and/or AVPU.

EMR-O; EMT-R

- 6. Conduct secondary survey.
 - a. Airway Assure airway remains patent; reposition patient as needed.
 - b. Breathing look for respiratory depression.
 - i. Administer oxygen as appropriate for dyspnea or distress with a target of achieving greater than 93% saturation for most patients.
 - ii. Check SPO₂.
 - iii. Check CO detector.
 - c. Circulation look for signs of shock. If present, see Shock guideline [M-13].
 - d. Glasgow Coma Score (GCS) or AVPU. Document.
 - e. Pupils document findings.
 - f. Neck look for rigidity or pain with range of motion.
 - g. Stroke tool document findings. See Stroke guideline [M-15].
 - h. Determine blood glucose.
 - i. If less than 60 mg/dL refer to Hypoglycemia guideline [M-9].
 - ii. If greater than 250 mg/dL refer to Hyperglycemia guideline [M-8].
 - i. Breath odor look for possible unusual odors such as alcohol, acidosis, or ammonia.
 - j. Chest/Abdominal look for possible intra-thoracic hardware, assist devices, abdominal pain, or distention.
 - k. Extremities/skin look for track marks, hydration, edema, dialysis shunt.
 - I. Temperature assess temperature by touch or thermometer.
 - m. Environment survey for pills, paraphernalia, ambient temperature, etc.
- 7. Consider need for active cooling or warming. See Hypothermia/Cold Exposure [EE-7] or Hyperthermia/Heat Exposure [EE-6] guidelines
- 8. Consider physical restraint as necessary.

EMT-O

- 9. Acquire ETCO₂.
- 10. Acquire ECG.

AEMT-R

- 11. Establish IV access; consider isotonic IV/IO fluid bolus 20 ml/kg normal saline.
 - OR

AEMT-O

12. Consider lactated Ringer's. See fluid administration doses in Shock [M-13] and Hypoglycemia [M-9] or Hyperglycemia [M-8] guidelines.

INT-R

- 13. Interpret $ETCO_2$ and ECG as available.
- 14. Consider Vasopressors. See Shock guideline [M-13].

INT-O

15. Consider anti-dysrhythmic medication, See Cardiovascular [C-1 thru 5] section for specific dysrhythmia guidelines.